Python, I deo

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Python?

- programski jezik
- Wikipedia:
  - "Python is a general-purpose, high-level programming language whose design philosophy emphasizes code readability. Python claims to "[combine] remarkable power with very clear syntax", and its standard library is large and comprehensive. Its use of indentation for block delimiters is unique among popular programming languages."
  - "The reference implementation of Python (CPython) is free and open source software and has a community-based development model, as do all or nearly all of its alternative implementations. CPython is managed by the non-profit Python Software Foundation."

Python??

- interpreter, scripting language
- po tome nalik na BASIC (nekada), Octave, . . .
- nema kompilacije i linkovanja, vrlo brze probe
- sporije od C-a
- ali se dobro povezuje sa C-om
- jako moćne i raznovrsne biblioteke (pySerial, numpy, matplotlib, sympy, . . .)
- jednostavna sintaksa
- opšta namena
- free!!!
- jako dobro podržan, razvija se, rasprostranjen
- Google, Youtube, . . .
- svaka distribucija GNU/Linux-a ga ima

Python???

- Guido van Rossum, December 1989
- masovno se uči kao prvi programski jezik: MIT, CU Boulder, . . .
- radi pod raznovrsnim platformama, sve koje se kod nas sreću obuhvaćene
- vrlo objektno orijentisan, mada ne mora da se koristi
- vrlo moćni tipovi podataka
- lako se prave novi tipovi podataka

Python, kako nabaviti? GNU/Linux

GNU/Linux:

- već ima interpreter, sigurno
- provera: komandna linija, python ili python3
  ```
  Python 2.7.15rc1 (default, Nov 12 2018, 14:31:15)
  [GCC 7.3.0] on linux2
  Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for
  more information.
  ```
- nešto valja dovući iz repository:
  - IDLE
  - IPython
  - numpy
  - scipy
  - matplotlib
  - pylab (sve prethodno)
  - python-serial
  - Sympy
  - Spyder
  - . . .

Python, kako nabaviti? win

Windows:

- http://python.org/
- odaberete platformu, dovucete, instalirate
- za win je IDLE included
- ostalo?
  - http://www.enthought.com/
  - ipython+numpy+scipy+matplotlib+. . .
  - Canopy, zapravo PyLab
  - pySerial, SourceForge, https://pypi.python.org/pypi/pyserial
  - Sympy, http://sympy.org/en/index.html
  - Spyder, https://pypi.python.org/pypi/spyder
  - . . .

Python, 2 ili 3?

- forking, 3 je „nov" jezik
- 3 nema backward compatibility
- nisu prevelike razlike (print, za početak)
- problem sa već napisanim programima
- problem ako se oslanjate na već postojeće programe
- koristim numpy, matplotlib, . . . pylab
- predajem verziju 2
- verziju 3 učite lako
- python3

```
Python 3.6.7 (default, Oct 22 2018, 11:32:17)
[GCC 8.2.0] on linux
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
```

Python, dokumentacija

- http://www.python.org/doc/, sve što treba
- http://ocw.mit.edu/, kurs 6.00 i 6.189
- isto, edX
- http://openbookproject.net/thinkcs/python/english2e/
- http://greenteapress.com/thinkpython/thinkpython.html
- još mnogo free resursa, realno je samo #1 potrebno
- izbor izlistan na sajtu predmeta

Python, dokumentacija, realno

Ako ne učite programiranje, već programski jezik:

- ▶ http://www.python.org/doc/
- ▶ A4, pdf, zip, 11 MB
- ▶ Python 2.7.15, January 02, 2019
- ▶ tutorial.pdf, Python Tutorial, 149 strana
- ▶ reference.pdf, The Python Language Reference, 136 strana
- ▶ library.pdf, The Python Library Reference, 1584 strane
- ▶ ↑ ovde je suština uspeha

valja pomenuti i . . .

- ▶ PyCharm
- ▶ https://www.jetbrains.com/pycharm/
- ▶ popularno . . .
- ▶ Edtitions:
  1. Professional (proprietary!)
  2. Community ("Open Source")
- ▶ ne koristim ga, nekompetentan za komentare
- ▶ vidim da ga ljudi koje cenim vole i koriste . . .
- ▶ ima tutorial i educational tools, PyCharm Edu

Python, počinjemo, kalkulator

Pokrenete IDLE ili ipython, kako god znate (kom. lin., dash, . . .)

osnovne operacije:

```
2+2
2-3
2*3
```

a sada iznenađenje:

```
3/4*100
3.0/4.0*100.0
3.0/4*100
3./4*100
```

Python, da raščistimo celobrojno deljenje

```
help(type)
type
type()
type(3)
type(3.0)
type(3.)
type(10/3)
type(10.0/3)
type(10/3.)
type(10./3.)
```

ovde se Python 3.x.x razlikuje!!!

Python, mislili ste da je sa deljenjem gotovo?

```
10.0/3.0
10.0//3.0
-10.0//3.0
-10/3
```

Python, stepenovanje i long

```
2^3
3^2
3^3
10^10
2**3
2 ** 3
3 ** 2
10 ** 10
type(10**10)
3**64
type(3**3)
type(3**64)
```

Python, ostatak pri celobrojnom deljenju

```
10%3
11%3
12%3
t=54+12
print t
type(t)
s=t/60
m=t%60
print s
print m
print s, m
print 'proteklo je', s, 'sat i', m, 'minuta'
```

Python, operatori poređenja

```
2 == 2
2==2
3 == 2
2 != 3
2 != 2
2 <> 2
2 <> 3
2 > 3
2 < 3
2 >= 1
2 >= 2
2 >= 3
2 <= 1
2 <= 2
2 <= 3
```

Python, logičke operacije, ;, \ i

```
type(True); type(False)
a = True
b = False
type(a)
a and b    # logicko i
not a      # logicko ne
a and a
a or not a
a or (not a)
a or \
not b      # ovako se nastavlja red
```

Python, zapisi brojeva

```
012
0o12
0O12
0x35
0X35
0b11
0B11
```

Python, konverzija zapisa brojeva

```
oct(10)
hex(53)
bin(3)
```

Python, da raščistimo ^, operacije nad bitima

```
a = 0b0101
a
b = 0b0011
b
a & b
bin(a & b)
bin(a | b)
bin(a ^ b)
bin(0)
bin(~0)
bin(2)
bin(~2)
~2
2 << 1
2 << 4
32 >> 2
3 >> 1
```

Python, a sada nesto sasvim drugačije: kompleksni brojevi

```
j*j
1j*1j
2J * 2J
type(1J)
abs(3+4j)
complex(1,2)
a = 2 + 3j
type(a)
a.real
a.imag
a.conjugate()
a * a.conjugate()
del a
type(a)
```

Python, malo ozbiljnija matematika, moduli

```
sin(1)
import math
type(math)
dir(math)
help(math)
help(math.sin)
math.sin(1)
math.e
math.pi
math.sin(math.pi/2)
math.exp(math.pi*1j)+1
math.cos(math.pi) + 1j * math.sin(math.pi) + 1
```

Python, namespaces

```
del math
import math as m
m.sin(m.pi / 4) ** 2
m.exp(1) - m.e
del m
from math import *
sin(pi / 4) ** 2
exp(1) - e
e
e = 32
e
pi
pi = 14
pi
```

Python, assignment operators

```
a = 1
a += 1
print a
a *= 2
print a
a /= 2
print a
a -= 4
print a
a **= 3
a %= 3
print a
-8 / 3
a = 11.0
a //= 3
print a
```

Python, funkcije

```python
def pdv(x):
    return x * 1.20

type(pdv)
pdv(100)
pdv(150)
```

Python, funkcije, help

```python
def pdv(x):
    'ovo je funkcija koja racuna pdv'
    return x * 1.20

pdv(100)
help(pdv)
```

Python, funkcije, help u više redova

```python
def pdv(x):
    '''ovo je funkcija koja racuna pdv

    a pdv je porez na dodatu vrednost'''
    return x * 1.20

pdv(100)
help(pdv)
```

Python, funkcije, opcioni argumenti

```python
def pdv(x, stopa = 20):
    return x*(1 + stopa/100)

pdv(100)
pdv(150)

def pdv(x, stopa = 20):
    return x * (1 + stopa/100.)

pdv(100)
pdv(150)
pdv(100, stopa=23)
pdv(100, 23)

del pdv
pdv(10)
```

Python, kontrola toka

```python
def parnost(n):
    if n/2*2 == n:
        print 'paran'
    else:
        print 'neparan'

parnost(4)
parnost(5)
parnost(4.2)
parnost(5.1)
```

Python, ispitivanje tipa

```python
def parnost(n):
    if type(n) != "<type 'int'>":
        print 'argument nije ceo broj'
        return
    if n/2*2 == n:
        print 'paran'
    else:
        print 'neparan'

parnost(4.2)
parnost(4)
parnost(3)

type(4)
type(type(4))
type("<type 'int'>")
```

Python, ispitivanje tipa, sada radi

```python
def parnost(n):
    if str(type(n)) != "<type 'int'>":
        print 'argument nije ceo broj'
        return
    if n/2*2 == n:
        print 'paran'
    else:
        print 'neparan'

parnost(4.2)
parnost(4)
parnost(3)
```

Python, ispitivanje tipa, može i ovako

```python
def parnost(n):
    if type(n) != type(1):
        print 'argument nije ceo broj'
        return
    if n/2*2 == n:
        print 'paran'
    else:
        print 'neparan'

parnost(4.2)
parnost(4)
parnost(3)
parnost(4.)
```

Python, konverzije tipova i još ponešto

```
del parnost
int(-4.2)
int(4.2)
long(_)
float(_)
float(5)
divmod(10, 3)
divmod(12, 3)
pow(2, 8)
2 ** 8
str(float(2**8))
```

Python, liste

```
a = [1, 2, 5, 6]
type(a)
a[0]
a[1]
a[2]
a[3]
a[4]
a[-1]
a[-2]
a[-3]
a[-4]
a[-5]
print a
len(a)
```

Python, liste, slicing and mutability

```
a[1:3]
a[1 : 2]
a[1 : - 2]
a[2 : ]
a[:2]
a[:-2]
a[3] = 7
print a
```

Python, liste, dodavanje i brisanje elemenata

```
a + 9
a + [9]
a = a + [9]
len(a)
del a[(len(a) - 1)]
print a
del a[1]
print a
len(a)
```

Python, liste, metodi append i extend

```
a = [1, 2, 3, 4]
a.append(5)
print a
b = [6, 7]
a.append(b)
print a
len(a)
del a[5]
a.extend(b)
print a
len(a)
del a[5:]
print a
```

Python, liste, range

```
a = range(5)
len(a)
print a
a = range(4, 10)
len(a)
print a
a = range(3, 10, 2)
print a
a = range(10, 0, -2)
print a
```

Python, stack

```
a = []
type(a)
a.append(1)
a.append(2)
a.append(3)
a.pop()
a.pop()
print a
a = range(10)
a.pop(3)
print a
```

Python, liste, insert

```
a = range(10)
a.insert(3, 4)
print a
a.insert(0, 1)
print a
a.insert(len(a), 'kraj')
print a
```

Python, liste, reverse, sort

```
a = range(10)
a.reverse()
print a
a.reverse()
print a
a = [3, 4, 2, 1]
a.sort()
print a
```

Python, liste, brojanje i brisanje

```
a = [3, 2, 3, 1, 4, 3, 2, 2, 5, 2]
a.count(2)
a.count(3)
a.remove(3)
a.count(3)
print a
a.remove(3)
print a
a.remove(3)
print a
a.remove(3)
```

Python, in operator

```
3 in a
4 in a
a.remove(4)
4 in a
```

Python, liste, index metod

```
print a
a.index(2)
a.index(5)
a.index(1)
a.index(3)
```

Python, aliases

```
a = 3
b = a
a is b
a == b
id(a)
id(b)
help(id)
b += 1
a == b
a is b
id(a)
id(b)
```

Python, aliases with lists

```
a = [1, 2, 3]
b = a
a is b
a == b
b[1] = 0
a == b
print a
a is b
c = a[:]
c == a
c is a
c[1] = 2
c == a
print c
print a
```

Python, matrice

```
a = [[1, 2], [3, 4]]
len(a)
len(a[1])
print a[1][1]
print a[0][0]
a[0, 0]
```

Python, inicijalizacija nizova

```
a = []
print a
a = [0] * 10
print a
a = [[1] * 3] * 3
print a
```

Python, for petlja

```python
a = range(10)
for i in a:
    print i + 1, '/', len(a)
```

Python, for petlja, over string, "iterable"

```python
a = 'neobicno bas'
for znak in a:
    print znak
```

Python, if-else

```python
a = 'abrakadabra'
b = ''
for znak in a:
    if znak != 'a':
        b += znak
    else:
        b += '_'
print b
```

Python, if-elif-else

```python
a = 'abrakadabra'
b = ''
for znak in a:
    if znak == 'a':
        b += '_'
    elif znak == 'k':
        b += '*'
    else:
        b += znak
print b
```