

REŠENJA:

1.

$$I_{BQ} = I_{EQ} / (\beta + 1) = I / (\beta + 1) = 19,6 \mu\text{A} \approx 20 \mu\text{A}$$
$$V_{BQ} = \frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2} V_{CC} - (R_1 \parallel R_2) I_{BQ} = 2\text{V} - 20\text{k}\Omega \cdot 20 \mu\text{A} = 1,6\text{V}$$
$$V_{EQ} = V_{BQ} - V_{BE} = 1\text{V} \quad I_{CQ} = \beta I_{BQ} = 0,98\text{mA}$$
$$V_{CQ} = V_{CC} - R_C I_{CQ} = 5,1\text{V} \quad V_{CEQ} = V_{CQ} - V_{EQ} = 4,1\text{V}$$
$$g_m = I_{CQ} / V_T = 39,2\text{mS} \quad r_e = V_T / I_{EQ} = 25\Omega$$
$$A_v = g_m (R_C \parallel R_p) r_e / (R_g + r_e) = 4,66$$

2. Beleške za predavanja, slajd 4.

$$I_{IZL} R_E = V_T \ln \left(\frac{I_{REF}}{I_{IZL}} \right) = (25\text{mV}) \ln \left(\frac{200 \mu\text{A}}{10 \mu\text{A}} \right) = 74,8933\text{mV}$$
$$R_E = \frac{74,8933\text{mV}}{I_{IZL}} = \frac{74,8933\text{mV}}{10 \mu\text{A}} = 7,48933\text{k}\Omega$$

3. Beleške za predavanja, „9_Izlazni_pojacavacki_stepeni.pdf“, slajdovi 10-11 (+ 6-8).

4.

I $0 \leq v_U < V_T$, DZ2 u probuju, M1 isključen

$$i_Z = \frac{V_{DD} - V_Z}{R_D} = 5\text{mA}$$

$$i_D = 0$$

$$v_I = V_Z$$

II $V_T \leq v_U < V_1$, DZ2 u probuju, M1 vodi u zasićenju

$$i_D = \frac{B}{2} (v_U - V_T)^2$$

$$i_Z = \frac{V_{DD} - V_Z}{R_D} - i_D$$

$$v_I = V_Z$$

$V_{1,1} < V_Z + V_T = 6\text{V}$ - granica zasićenja i triodne oblasti

$$i_Z \geq 0 \Rightarrow i_D \leq \frac{V_{DD} - V_Z}{R_D} \Rightarrow V_{1,2} \leq V_T + \sqrt{\frac{2}{B} \frac{V_{DD} - V_Z}{R_D}} = 5,47\text{V} - \text{granica zakočenja zener diode}$$

$$V_1 = \min \{V_{1,1}, V_{1,2}\} = V_{1,2} = 5,47\text{V}$$

III $V_1 \leq v_U < V_2$, DZ2 je isključena, M1 vodi u zasićenju

$$i_Z = 0$$

$$i_D = \frac{B}{2} (v_U - V_T)^2$$

$$v_I = V_{DD} - i_D R_D$$

$v_I(V_2) - V_2 = -V_T$ - granica zasićenja i triodne oblasti

$$V_{DD} - \frac{B}{2} (V_2 - V_T)^2 R_D - V_2 = -V_T$$

$$V_2^2 - 2 \cdot \left(V_T - \frac{1}{R_{DB}} \right) \cdot V_2 + V_T^2 - \frac{2}{R_{DB}} \cdot (V_T + V_{DD}) = 0 \Rightarrow V_2 = 5.63V$$

Međutim već pri naponu $V_2 = V_Z + V_D = 5.6V$ će provesti diode DZ1 i D1.

IV $V_2 \leq v_U < V_{DD}$, DZ2 je isključena, M1 vodi u triodnoj oblasti

$$i_Z = 0$$

$$i_D = \frac{B}{2} (V_Z + V_D - V_T)^2 = 5.29mA$$

$$v_I = V_{DD} - i_D R_D = 4.71V$$

5.

a), b)

$$v_{IOP} = \frac{v_1}{2} - R_X \frac{v_1}{2R} = \frac{v_1}{2} \left(1 - \frac{R_X}{R} \right)$$

$$v_I = -4v_{IOP} - v_2 = -2 \left(1 - \frac{R_X}{R} \right) v_1 - v_2$$

Za $v_I = -v_2 - v_1$ potrebno je da bude ispunjeno $2 \left(1 - \frac{R_X}{R} \right) = 1 \Rightarrow R_X = \frac{R}{2}$

Za $v_I = -v_2 + v_1$ potrebno je da bude ispunjeno $2 \left(1 - \frac{R_X}{R} \right) = -1 \Rightarrow R_X = \frac{3R}{2}$

c) Kritičan je izlaz drugog operacionog pojačavača (pri vrednostima $R_X = 0$ i $R_X = 2R$) koji ulazi u zasićenje pri $V_m = \frac{10}{3}V$.

d)

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